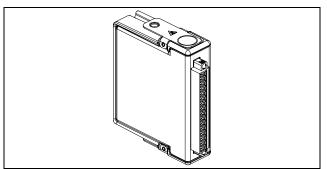
# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS NI 9217

# 4-Channel, 24-Bit, $100\Omega$ RTD Analog Input Module

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This document describes how to use the National Instruments 9217 and includes specifications and terminal assignments for the NI 9217. Visit ni.com/info and enter rdsoftwareversion to determine which software you need for the modules you are using. For information about installing, configuring, and programming the system, refer to the system documentation. Visitni.com/info and enter cseriesdoc for information about C Series documentation.



**Note** The safety guidelines and specifications in this document are specific to the NI 9217. The other components in the system might not meet the same safety ratings and specifications. Refer to the documentation for each component in the system to determine the safety ratings and specifications for the entire system. Visit ni.com/info and enter cseriesdoc for information about C Series documentation.

## Safety Guidelines

Operate the NI 9217 only as described in these operating instructions.



**Hot Surface** This icon denotes that the component may be hot. Touching this component may result in bodily injury.

## Safety Guidelines for Hazardous Voltages

If hazardous voltages are connected to the module, take the following precautions. A hazardous voltage is a voltage greater than 42.4  $V_{pk}$  or 60 VDC to earth ground.



**Caution** Ensure that hazardous voltage wiring is performed only by qualified personnel adhering to local electrical standards.



**Caution** Do *not* mix hazardous voltage circuits and human-accessible circuits on the same module.



**Caution** Make sure that devices and circuits connected to the module are properly insulated from human contact.



**Caution** When module terminals are hazardous voltage LIVE (>42.4  $V_{pk}$ /60 VDC), you must ensure that devices and circuits connected to the module are properly insulated from human contact. You must use the NI 9939 connector backshell kit to ensure that the terminals are *not* accessible.

Figure 1 shows the NI 9939 connector backshell.

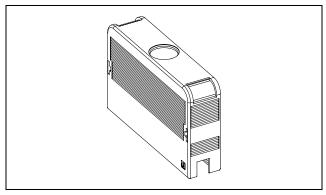


Figure 1. NI 9939 Connector Backshell

# Safety Guidelines for Hazardous Locations

The NI 9217 is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, D, T4 hazardous locations; Class I, Zone 2, AEx nC IIC T4, and Ex nC IIC T4 hazardous locations; and nonhazardous locations

only. Follow these guidelines if you are installing the NI 9217 in a potentially explosive environment. Not following these guidelines may result in serious injury or death.



**Caution** Do *not* disconnect I/O-side wires or connectors unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be nonhazardous.



**Caution** Do *not* remove modules unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be nonhazardous.



**Caution** Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.



**Caution** For Zone 2 applications, install the system in an enclosure rated to at least IP 54 as defined by IEC 60529 and EN 60529.



**Caution** For Zone 2 applications, connected signals must be within the following limit:

Capacitance ...... 0.2 µF max

#### Special Conditions for Hazardous Locations Use in Europe

This equipment has been evaluated as EEx nC IIC T4 equipment under DEMKO Certificate No. 03 ATEX 0324020X. Each module is marked  $\langle Ex \rangle$  II 3G and is suitable for use in Zone 2 hazardous locations. If you are using the NI 9217 in Gas Group IIC hazardous locations or in ambient temperatures of -40 °C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$  70 °C, you must use the device in an NI chassis that has been evaluated as EEx nC IIC T4, Ex nA IIC T4, or Ex nL IIC T4 equipment.

#### **Special Conditions for Marine Applications**

Some modules are Lloyd's Register (LR) Type Approved for marine applications. To verify Lloyd's Register certification, visit ni.com/certification and search for the LR certificate, or look for the Lloyd's Register mark on the module.



**Caution** To meet radio frequency emission requirements for marine applications, use shielded cables and install the system in a metal enclosure. Suppression ferrites must be installed on power supply inputs near power entries to modules and controllers. Power supply and module cables must be separated on opposite sides of the enclosure and must enter and exit through opposing enclosure walls.

## Connecting the NI 9217

The NI 9217 has a 16-terminal, detachable screw-terminal connector that provides connections for four RTD channels.

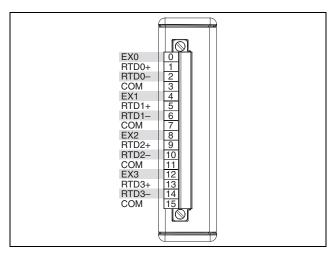


Figure 2. NI 9217 Terminal Assignments

You can connect any combination of 3-wire or 4-wire RTDs to the NI 9217. Each NI 9217 channel contains circuitry that automatically detects the type of RTD connected to the channel. The NI 9217 scans all four input channels and automatically configures each channel for the appropriate mode. In 4-wire mode, the EX terminal is a 1 mA current source. In 3-wire mode, the RTD+ terminal is a 1 mA current source. The NI 9217 compensates for the error that lead resistance causes in 3-wire mode. Refer to Figure 3 for an example of the input circuitry for one channel of the NI 9217 in 4-wire mode.



**Note** You must use 2-wire ferrules to create a secure connection when connecting more than one wire to a single terminal on the NI 9217.

The NI 9217 channels share a common ground that is isolated from other modules in the system. Each channel is filtered and then sampled by a 24-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC).

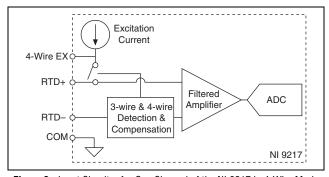


Figure 3. Input Circuitry for One Channel of the NI 9217 in 4-Wire Mode

Each channel has one terminal, RTD+, to which you connect the positive lead of the RTD signal and one terminal, RTD-, to which you connect the negative lead of the RTD signal. Each channel also has a common terminal, COM, and an excitation current source terminal, EX. You must connect the COM terminal to RTD-. All four COM terminals are internally connected to the isolated ground reference of the module. If you are using shielded wiring, connect one end of the shield to the COM terminal. Refer to Figure 4 for an illustration of how to connect an RTD to the NI 9217.

If you are using a 4-wire RTD, connect EX to the positive lead of the RTD. If you are using a 3-wire RTD, do not connect the RTD to the EX terminal. For the best measurement results when using the NI 9217 with a 3-wire RTD, use equal-length wires between the RTD+ terminal and the RTD and between the COM terminal and the RTD. Also, keep the lead resistance within 5% of the nominal RTD value. The NI 9217 accuracy specifications account for this lead error. Refer to the *Specifications* section for more information about accuracy.

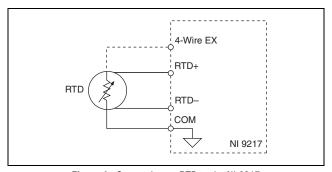


Figure 4. Connecting an RTD to the NI 9217

## Wiring for High-Vibration Applications

If an application is subject to high vibration, National Instruments recommends that you either use ferrules to terminate wires to the detachable screw-terminal connector or use the NI 9939 backshell kit to protect the connections. Refer to Figure 5 for an illustration of using ferrules. Refer to Figure 1 for an illustration of the NI 9939 connector backshell.

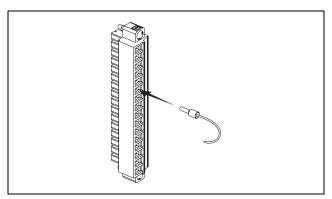


Figure 5. 16-Terminal Detachable Screw-Terminal Connector with Ferrule

## Sleep Mode

This module supports a low-power sleep mode. Support for sleep mode at the system level depends on the chassis that the module is plugged into. Refer to the chassis manual for information about support for sleep mode. If the chassis supports sleep mode, refer to the software help for information about enabling sleep mode. Visit ni.com/info and enter cseriesdoc for information about C Series documentation.

Typically, when a system is in sleep mode, you cannot communicate with the modules. In sleep mode, the system consumes minimal power and may dissipate less heat than it does in normal mode. Refer to the *Specifications* section for more information about power consumption and thermal dissipation.

# **Specifications**

The following specifications are typical for the range –40 to 70 °C unless otherwise noted. All voltages are relative to COM unless otherwise noted.

All specifications given in  ${}^{\circ}$ C are specific to 100  $\Omega$  platinum RTDs.

## **Input Characteristics**

Number of channels	4 analog input channels
ADC resolution	24 bits
Type of ADC	Delta-sigma
Sampling mode	Scanned
Measurement range	
Temperature	–200 to 850 °C
Resistance	0 to 400 $\Omega$
Common-mode range	
COM-to-earth ground	±250 V <sub>rms</sub>
Channel-to-COM	50 mV

#### Conversion time

#### Temperature accuracy (including noise)1, 4-wire mode

Measured Value	Typical (25 °C)	Maximum (–40 to 70 °C)
−200 to 150 °C	0.15 °C	0.35 °C
150 to 850 °C	0.20 °C	1.0 °C

#### Temperature accuracy (including noise)<sup>1</sup>, 3-wire mode

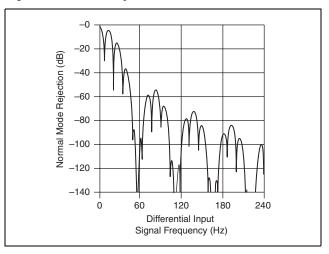
Measured Value	Typical (25 °C)	Maximum (–40 to 70 °C)
−200 to 150 °C	0.20 °C	0.50 °C
150 to 850 °C	0.30 °C	1.0 °C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For high-speed mode, add a 0.1 °C error.

#### Noise

High-resolution mode0.003 °C
High-speed mode0.02 °C
Excitation current 1 mA per channel
Noise rejection
Normal mode (50/60 Hz)
High-resolution mode 85 dB min
High-speed modeNone
Common-mode rejection, channel to earth ground (50/60 Hz)
High-resolution mode 170 dB min
High-speed mode155 dB
Input bandwidth (high-resolution mode)

High-resolution filter response<sup>1,2</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This image is provided courtesy of Linear Technology Corp.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> High-speed filter response has the same characteristics as the high-resolution filter response except that the first notch is at 14 kHz.

Overvoltage protection	±30 V between inputs
MTBF	891,597 hours at 25 °C;
	Bellcore Issue 2, Method 1,
	Case 3, Limited Part Stress
	Method



**Note** Contact NI for Bellcore MTBF specifications at other temperatures or for MIL-HDBK-217F specifications.

## **Power Requirements**

Power consumption from chassis	
Active mode	350 mW max
Sleep mode	1 mW max
Thermal dissipation (at 70 °C)	
Active mode	350 mW max
Sleep mode	1 mW max

## **Physical Characteristics**

If you need to clean the module, wipe it with a dry towel.

Screw-terminal wiring	. 16 to 28 AWG copper conductor wire with 7 mm (0.28 in.) of insulation stripped from the end
Torque for screw terminals	.0.22 to 0.25 N · m (1.95 to 2.21 lb · in.)
Ferrules	. 0.25 mm <sup>2</sup> to 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Weight	. 142 g (5.0 oz)

## Safety

#### Maximum Voltage<sup>1</sup>

Connect only voltages that are within the following limits.

All terminals-to-COM.....±30 V

## **Isolation Voltages**

Channel-to-channel.....None

Channel-to-earth ground

Category II

dielectric withstand test

Measurement Category II is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the electrical distribution system. This category refers to local-level electrical distribution, such as that provided by a standard wall outlet, for example, 115 V for U.S. or 230 V for Europe.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  The maximum voltage that can be applied between any channel or  $V_{sup}$  terminal and a COM terminal without damaging the module or other devices.



**Caution** Do *not* connect the NI 9217 to signals or use for measurements within Measurement Categories III or IV.

#### Safety Standards

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of safety for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA 61010-1



**Note** For UL and other safety certifications, refer to the product label or visit ni.com/certification, search by module number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

#### Hazardous Locations

U.S. (UL)	. Class I, Division 2,
. ,	Groups A, B, C, D, T4;
	Class I, Zone 2,
	AEx nC IIC T4
Canada (C-UL)	. Class I, Division 2,
	Groups A, B, C, D, T4;
	Class I, Zone 2,
	Ex nC IIC T4
Europe (DEMKO)	.EEx nC IIC T4

#### Environmental

National Instruments C Series modules are intended for indoor use only but may be used outdoors if installed in a suitable enclosure. Refer to the manual for the chassis you are using for more information about meeting these specifications.

Operating temperature (IEC 60068-2-1, IEC 60068-2-2) ..... -40 to 70 °C Storage temperature (IEC 60068-2-1, IEC 60068-2-2) ..... -40 to 85 °C Ingress protection...... IP 40

Operating humidity	
(IEC 60068-2-56)	.10 to 90% RH, noncondensing
Storage humidity	
(IEC 60068-2-56)	.5 to 95% RH, noncondensing
Maximum altitude	. 2,000 m
Pollution Degree (IEC 60664)	.2

#### Shock and Vibration

To meet these specifications, you must panel mount the system and either affix ferrules to the ends of the terminal wires or use the NI 9939 backshell kit to protect the connections.

#### Operating vibration

Random (IEC 60068-2-64)....... 5 g<sub>rms</sub>, 10 to 500 Hz Sinusoidal (IEC 60068-2-6) ...... 5 g, 10 to 500 Hz

#### Operating shock

50 g, 3 ms half sine, 18 shocks at 6 orientations

## **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following standards of EMC for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326 EMC requirements; Industrial Immunity
- EN 55011 Emissions; Group 1, Class A
- CE, C-Tick, ICES, and FCC Part 15 Emissions; Class A



**Note** For EMC compliance, operate this device with shielded cabling.

## **CE Compliance**

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European directives, as amended for CE markings, as follows:

- 2006/95/EC; Low-Voltage Directive (safety)
- 2004/108/EC; Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)



**Note** Refer to the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for this product for any additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain the DoC for this product, visit

ni.com/certification, search by module number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

## **Environmental Management**

National Instruments is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial not only to the environment but also to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the *NI* and the *Environment* Web page at ni.com/environment. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

#### Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



**EU Customers** At the end of their life cycle, all products *must* be sent to a WEEE recycling center. For more information about WEEE recycling centers and National Instruments WEEE initiatives, visit ni.com/environment/weee.htm.

#### 电子信息产品污染控制管理办法 (中国 RoHS)



(全) 中国客户 National Instruments 符合中国电子信息 产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。关于 National Instruments 中国 RoHS 合规性信息,请登录 ni.com/environment/rohs china。 (For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/ environment/rohs\_china.)

#### Calibration

You can obtain the calibration certificate and information about calibration services for the NI 9217 at ni.com/calibration. Calibration interval ...... 1 year

## Where to Go for Support

The National Instruments Web site is your complete resource for technical support. At ni.com/support you have access to everything from troubleshooting and application development self-help resources to email and phone assistance from NI Application Engineers.

National Instruments corporate headquarters is located at 11500 North Mopac Expressway, Austin, Texas, 78759-3504. National Instruments also has offices located around the world to help address your support needs. For telephone support in the United States, create your service request at ni.com/support and follow the calling instructions or dial 512 795 8248. For telephone support outside the United States, contact your local branch office:

Australia 1800 300 800, Austria 43 662 457990-0, Belgium 32 (0) 2 757 0020, Brazil 55 11 3262 3599, Canada 800 433 3488, China 86 21 5050 9800, Czech Republic 420 224 235 774, Denmark 45 45 76 26 00, Finland 358 (0) 9 725 72511, France 01 57 66 24 24, Germany 49 89 7413130, India 91 80 41190000, Israel 972 3 6393737, Italy 39 02 41309277, Japan 0120-527196,

Korea 82 02 3451 3400, Lebanon 961 (0) 1 33 28 28, Malaysia 1800 887710, Mexico 01 800 010 0793, Netherlands 31 (0) 348 433 466, New Zealand 0800 553 322, Norway 47 (0) 66 90 76 60, Poland 48 22 3390150, Portugal 351 210 311 210, Russia 7 495 783 6851, Singapore 1800 226 5886, Slovenia 386 3 425 42 00, South Africa 27 0 11 805 8197, Spain 34 91 640 0085, Sweden 46 (0) 8 587 895 00, Switzerland 41 56 2005151, Taiwan 886 02 2377 2222, Thailand 662 278 6777, Turkey 90 212 279 3031, United Kingdom 44 (0) 1635 523545

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